

METHODS PAGE

Method for demonstrating Src activation by Western Blotting

Vijay P. Singh

Division of Gastroenterology, Hepatology and Nutrition, Department of Medicine, University of
Pittsburgh, PA 15213, USA
e-mail: singhv2@upmc.edu

Version 1.0, February 14, 2012

The activation state of Src kinase and homologous kinase family members can be determined by immunoprecepitation and either a kinase assay or Western blotting for active Src (pY416). The method used in our lab follows.

1. Apparatus

Apart from appropriately treated cells or tissue, routine lab glassware, volumetric apparatus, a setup to complete routine western blotting, and preparation of lysates, you will need a sample rotator for small tubes (e.g. Labquake rotator from Thermo Scientifc), a 2ml Potter-Elvehjem Tissue Homogenizer, and a sonic dismembrator with a tip (from Fisher Scientific or other suppliers).

2. Reagents

- 1. Src antibody. (For Src family, SC-18, Santa Cruz biotechnology, (use 1:500 for WB)
- pTyr416 antibody (Cell Signal Cat. #2101) (use 1:1000 for WB)
- 3. Protein A sepharose beads (Sigma Aldrich)
- 4. Lysis buffer. This is prepared as described previously (14, 30, 39).

50 mM Tris}HCI (pH 7.5),

150 mM NaCl,

1% (w/v) Triton X-100,

0.1%(w\v) NaN3,

1 mMEGTA.

0.4 mM EDTA,

0.2 mM Na vanadate

This may be prepared as a 10x stock with phosphatase and protease inhibitors added to the diluted 1x buffer before use. Make 2 ml working buffer per sample, and keep on ice.

- Binding buffer, Wash buffer: the detergents can be omitted for this. Keep the phosphatase and protease inhibitors in these.
- Protease inhibitor (e.g. cocktail from Sigma or Complete tablets from Roche). Use these as a 1x final concentration.

3. Procedure

- Lyse samples in lysis buffer. Usually 15-20 mg of tissue in 1 ml is adequate.
- Homogenize in the Potter-Elvehjem Tissue Homogenizer at 30 rpm. 5-7 strokes are usually adequate.
- 3. Sonicate immediately for 5 seconds at a

- setting of 5.
- 4. Spin down samples at 10,000 g for 10 min at 4°C.
- 5. Separate the supernatant and quantify proteins.
- 6. Add 1mg lysate protein (about 1/10 final volume) to 800 microliters of binding buffer, and to this add 5 μ g/ml primary antibody for 2 h at 4°C.
- Meanwhile preweigh 4 mg Protein A beads per sample, swell them in wash buffer, and presoak these in wash buffer by making a slurry such that the final volume is 100 microliters for every 4 mg.
- 8. Add 4 mg of protein A beads for 1 h to the tube containing the lysate-antibody mix.

- 9. Touch spin down the beads at 10,000g and wash three times in wash buffer.
- 10. Boil the beads in 60 microliters of 2 x Laemmli sample buffer, spin them down and analyze the supernatant by Western blot.
- 11. For western blot analysis the blocking should be done in 5% BSA for the phosphoblot, This should be done before stripping and blotting for total Src as a loading control.
- 12. For storage the supernatant may be transferred to a new tube and frozen at -20°C. This should be boiled for 5 min before loading.
- 13. The band intensity of the phopho bands is normalized to that of the total Src bands and can be depicted as in comparison to that of basal or control conditions.